

**ICOM**

HF ALL BAND TRANSCEIVER

# IC-775DSP

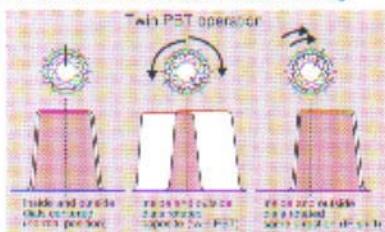


Icom Inc.

## Interference rejection

### Twin PBT (Passband Tuning)

PBT electronically narrows the receiver IF passband width to reduce interfering signals overlapping the edge of the IF passband. With Twin PBT you can electronically shift the center frequencies of the 455 kHz and 9 MHz IF filters separately or together for unsurpassed clear reception during crowded band conditions such as contests.

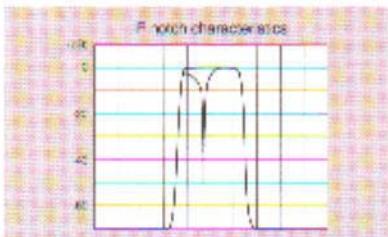


### CW reverse mode

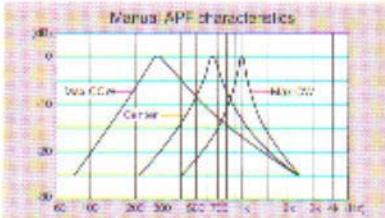
CW reverse mode is convenient when a nearby interfering signal is making it difficult to copy the desired signal. By using CW reverse mode you can flip the carrier point from LSB to USB and vice versa, thus changing the pitch of the interfering signal relative to the desired signal.

### Manual IF notch

You can get excellent cut off frequency characteristics and attenuation of more than 48 dB with this manual IF notch. Manual IF



notch allows you to cut very strong beat signals which AF notch can't. The combination of digital AF automatic notch and manual IF notch provides a double reduction of beat signals.



### Manual APF (Audio Peak Filter)

Manual APF is available so that the desired audio peak frequency can be set without affecting the CW pitch as in the case of digital automatic APF.

### Related features

- Noise blower with adjustable level and width
- AGC with adjustable time constant

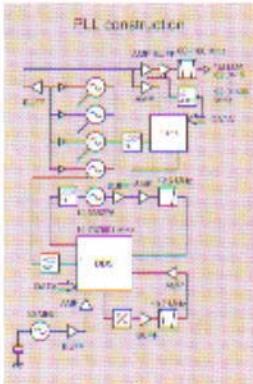
## Excellent basic performance

### 200 W output from power MOS-FET finals

Power MOS-FET's are employed in all stages of the PA unit providing excellent signal quality and low IMD characteristics. 200 W full duty cycle operation is achieved for reliable performance during contests or data operation.

### Newly developed mixer-less PLL

Icom's original DDS (Direct Digital Synthesizer) system has just taken a leap forward with the development of a new PLL which operates without the use of a mixer. The new PLL enables very high stability signal production that is consistent and accurate over long periods of use. The use of DDS for all oscillation circuits means only one reference crystal is needed, thereby obtaining frequency stability that was up to now only dreamed of.



# DSP performs magic!

Serious DX'ers require serious equipment. While the IC-775/DSP may be fun to operate it was engineered from the ground up using high-quality components and offering features and performance you'll find nowhere else. If you're serious about your hobby and want some serious fun...

## HF ALL BAND TRANSCEIVER

# IC-775DSP

### ■ 1 Hz tuning

The newly employed PLL provides signal resolution and display readout to an amazing 1 Hz. This allows very accurate tuning in critical situations such as data communications and gives a comfortable analog feel to tuning.

### ■ 3 grade selectivity

Filter selection is available\* in all modes of operation (excluding FM), providing the level of selectivity and audio quality desired—whether you're competing in a contest or simply rag-chewing. Filters are independently selectable in the 2nd (5 MHz) and 3rd (455 kHz) IF sections.

\*Oscillator filters must be installed.

### ■ IF filter

MODE	9 MHz (2nd IF)	455 kHz (3rd IF)
CW/FM/RTTY	2.4 kHz FL 100	2.7 kHz FL 105
CW/RTTY	500 Hz FL 100	500 Hz FL 104
RTTY	200 Hz FL 101	255 Hz FL 104
SSB	6.0 kHz FL 103	3.2 kHz FL 104
CW	2.4 kHz FL 103	2.7 kHz FL 105
RTTY	1.8 kHz FL 103	1.8 kHz FL 105
AM	9 kHz	15 kHz FL 102
FM	6.0 kHz FL 100	3.2 kHz FL 104
RTTY	2.4 kHz FL 103	2.7 kHz FL 105

Octave

### ■ Pre-amp and attenuator

According to operating conditions, 2 levels of pre-amp gain are selectable to boost reception. Also, 3 levels of RF attenuation are selectable, providing the necessary

reduction of receiver sensitivity when desired.

### ■ Preamp/RF attenuator

Preamp 1	Gain 10 dB (1st bands)
Preamp 2	Gain 6 dB (2nd-28 MHz bands)
RF attenuator	5/12/15 dB (all bands selectable)

### ■ High performance receiver

The IC-775/DSP's receiver covers a wide range (100 kHz to 29.999 MHz), and offers exceptional performance—dynamic range of +35 dB, high intercept point of -23 dBm\*, and a low noise floor level of -40 dBm\*. Low intermodulation distortion is achieved. A narrow separation band pass filter in the receiver's front end helps prevent cross-modulation caused by broadcast signals and strong adjacent signals.

\*Rx = 14.1 MHz; Interfering freq. F1 = 14.2, F2 = 14.3 MHz; IF passband width: 500 Hz

### ■ Related features

- RF speech compressor
- Multimeter meter functions
- Optional voice synthesizer

## Versatile operating features

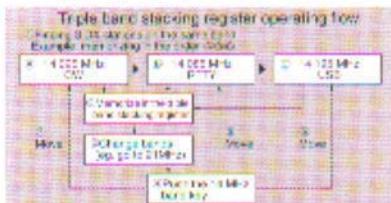
### ■ Dualwatch

Dualwatch allows you to receive 2 signals on the same band simultaneously. This allows you to conveniently monitor a DX station while operating on another frequency. Moreover, the main and sub frequencies are completely independent and can be con-

trolled with different tuning dials (including independent dial lock functions). During split frequency operation, while monitoring a DX station's transmit frequency you can search for its receive frequency; or while monitoring a DX net frequency, search for rare DX. Expand your operating possibilities!

### ■ Triple band stacking register

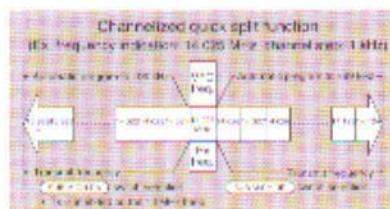
Think of the transceiver as having 3 VFO's on each band. 3 separate registers allow you to memorize the 3 frequencies and modes used on each band. Push the band key once to call up the last-used frequency and mode; twice to call the frequency and mode used before that; and three times to call up the frequency and mode used before that.



### ■ Channelized quick split function

The channelized quick split function offers the fastest possible method of operating split frequency for contact with DX stations. No dial rotation is necessary, simply pushing switches will set split frequency operation over a range of ± 99 kHz in 1-99 kHz step channel separation.





### ■ Built-in automatic antenna tuner

A high-speed stepping motor antenna tuner is built-in to the transceiver. Simply push the tuning switch; the tuner matches the connected antenna using an auto-preset memory in all ham bands, including 160 m. This tuner is convenient when you use an antenna which has a narrow frequency range.

### ■ Automatic antenna selector

Equipped with 2 antenna connectors, the automatic antenna selector memorizes the selected antenna in each band for automatic antenna selection when using 2 antennas.

### ■ Improved function display

The large function display employs CFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) construction resulting in increased durability and operating lifetime twice as long as typical filament construction.

### ■ Related features

- F monitor • 5/10 ch memo pads (selectable) • Total of 10<sup>2</sup> memory channels

- A variety of scans • Quick dualwatch • FSK
- Quick split • All mode power control
- VOX • Built-in subaudible tone encoder

normal key jack. Connect a paddle to the front jack, computer keying equipment to the rear jack — great for contest operation!

## Complete CW functions

### ■ Built-in memory keyer

A built-in memory keyer provides 3 separate channels with an automatic repeater function, each capable of storing up to about 40 characters. These can be transmitted automatically. During contests, store QO and exchanging number, etc. during regular operation, store your rig name, antenna, etc. Moreover, the content of the selected channels can be transmitted repeatedly in 4 sec. intervals.

Intervals can be selected from 4.6/8/10/23/30 sec.

### ■ Electronic keyer function

An electronic keyer function is built-in to the transceiver, allowing programmable CPU control of your transmitted dash/dot ratio. Ratio can be adjusted from 2.8:1 to 4.5:1. Adjust the ratio to suit your work style. Also, the polarization of your radio paddle can be reversed in set mode. This is particularly convenient when both right and left-handed operators use the same paddle, such as in club contests.

### ■ Double key jack

The front panel of the transceiver has an electronic key jack and the rear panel has a

### ■ CW pitch control

Different operators prefer different CW pitches. The IC-776/DSP allows you to adjust CW pitch from 300 Hz to 900 Hz in 20 Hz steps. Choose a pitch you find most comfortable for operation.

### ■ Related features

- QSK (full break-in) function • Side tone related to CW pitch setting.

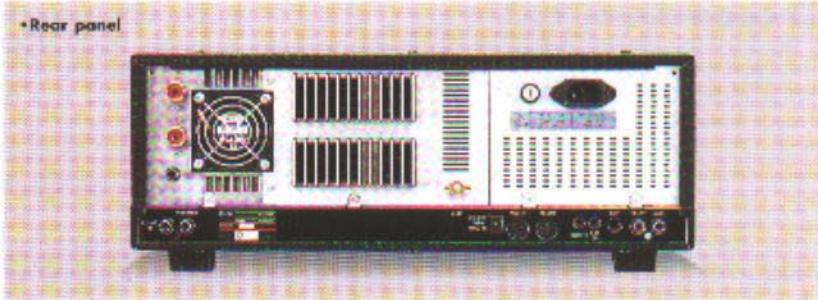
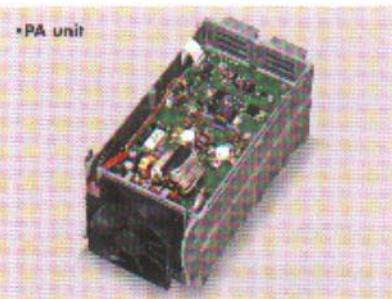
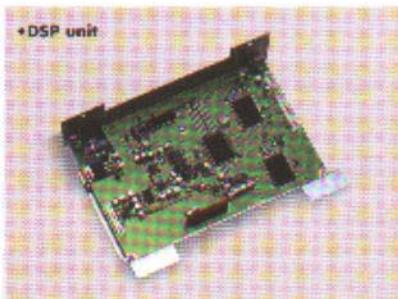
## Data communication

### ■ Data mode

In data mode, voice out through the microphone is automatically inhibited, allowing uninterrupted data communication. Connect the appropriate equipment and enjoy a host of amateur data modes such as RTTY, packet, SSTV, etc.

### ■ Related features

- FSK (RTTY) with selectable tone frequencies and polarization is available • 13.8 V DC max. 2 A power output (such as for a TNC) • CI-V compatible



# Pull out signals no one else can!



*Icom's new DSP technology  
brings you unsurpassed  
signal quality.*

Excellent SSB transmit signals, that analog methods can't compete with, are produced through control of signals at the modulation stage; noise reduction at the demodulation stage results in crystal clear signals—revolutionary DSP technology at work for the serious DX'er.

#### ■ Digital noise reduction

The digital signal processor digitally separates desired signal components from noise components before they enter the audio amplifier. Outstanding signal-to-noise ratio is achieved providing clear, clear audio in SSB, easy-to-copy RTTY and crisp, clear SSTV reception. Pull very weak signals right out of the noise.

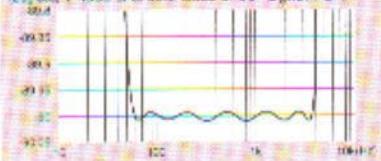
#### ■ Comparison of receive signal speaker output



#### ■ Digital PSN (Phase Shift Network) modulation and demodulation

The IC-775DSP employs a digital PSN modulator/demodulator constructed using a newly-developed 90° phase shifter and a radically new architecture. Consistently reproducible, clear TX in SSB and high quality RX of SSB signals through superior carrier suppression and unwanted sideband rejection.

Graph: Phase characteristics of 90° digital PSN



#### ■ Digital AF automatic notch

The notch function attenuates single tone signals such as beat signals, as well as interference from broadcast stations. DSP enables this to be carried out automatically—no need to adjust the notch manually. When a beat frequency moves, the attenuated frequency automatically moves with it.

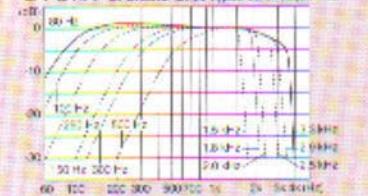
#### ■ LPF and HPF

You can set the desired audio characteristics for transmit and receive independently using the LPF (Low Pass Filter) and HPF (High-Pass Filter).

HPF: 1000 Hz, 1500 Hz, 2000 Hz, 3000 Hz, 4000 Hz, 5000 Hz  
LPF: 300 Hz, 500 Hz, 1000 Hz, 2000 Hz, 3000 Hz, 5000 Hz

(In the case the same LPF/HPF)

LFF & HPF Characteristics (typical values)



#### ■ Digital ultra-narrow CW filter

During quiet or crowded band conditions when trying to receive weak signals, this 80 Hz ultra-narrow CW filter effectively cuts nearby interference and pulls out the desired signal with improved S/N. Moreover this filter is automatically linked to the automatic APF (see below).

#### ■ Digital automatic APF (Audio Peak Filter)

The center frequency of the APF automatically links to your set CW pitch, zeroing in on the frequency you want. When the CW pitch is changed, the APF automatically changes accordingly.

• The IC-775DSP includes a regular analog circuit so that you can select DSP or analog separately for transmit and receive.

